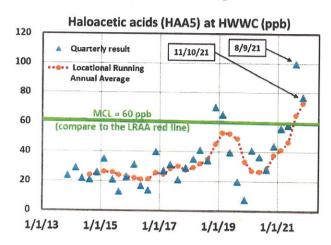
**SINCE 1897** 

PRESS RELEASE FEBRUARY 7, 2022

The Housatonic Water Works Company, Inc. (HWWC) has completed an evaluation of the cause of relatively high haloacetic acid (HAA5) compounds found in the treated drinking water supply during the 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> quarters of 2021. HAA5 are disinfection byproducts (DBPs) that form when the chlorine disinfectant reacts with natural organic matter in the water. Per the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (MassDEP), people who drink water containing HAA5 in excess of the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) over many years may have an increased risk of getting cancer. This evaluation was required by MassDEP, and was conducted in accordance with U.S. Environmental Protection Agency guidance. In summary, recent monitoring results were atypically high, and were possibly caused by historically heavy rainfall in July 2021. In response, HWWC lowered the chlorine level and increased water quality monitoring.



Compliance for HAA5 is determined by averaging results from all samples collected at a specific location for the past four quarters (12 months), and comparing that Locational Running Annual Average (LRAA) with the MCL of 60  $\mu$ g/L (or parts per billion, ppb).

In HWWC's case, HAA5 levels have historically been well below the MCL, but then the August and November 2021 results were both higher than any previous result, and August by a lot (100 part per billion vs. the previous maximum August result of 34 ppb). That caused the LRAA to exceed the MCL, as shown in the data graph.

HWWC reviewed records and data for sampling procedures, weather, source water quality, treatment processes, and distribution system operations. All treatment processes were working normally, and there were no issues with the sampling procedures. The most likely cause identified is a potential change in the natural organic matter present in the Long Pond source water due to the extremely rainy summer and wettest July in recorded history. While the timing is not proof of causation, the unusually high HAA5 levels did occur shortly after the historic rainfall in July. Future water quality monitoring will help determine if this potential change is temporary (as expected) or long lasting. Notably, during summer and fall of 2021 HWWC also observed the highest levels yet of manganese in the source water (and associated water color), while the recent lead and copper monitoring results from household taps were the lowest ever.

Another contributing factor could include the extra distribution system flushing that was conducted in 2021 in response to the colored water events caused by spikes in manganese. Also, the chlorine residual maintained in the distribution system was slightly higher than in the recent past. However, neither of these two factors are expected to be significant enough to have caused the large increase in HAA5 that was observed in August 2021.

In response to the HAA5 results, HWWC has lowered the chlorine residual level (while maintaining more than enough to exceed all disinfection requirements), and will be conducting increased monitoring for total organic carbon in both the source water and treated water.

A copy of the DBP evaluation report can be found on the HWWC website (<a href="https://housatonicwater.com">https://housatonicwater.com</a>). The report was completed by HWWC's water quality consultant, Dr. Richard Gullick of Water Compliance Solutions, LLC. Dr. Gullick has a very successful record of DBP evaluations, and his research work on the formation and fate of disinfection byproducts is cited by USEPA in their guidance manual for conducting the DBP evaluations.

-	1113003				onic Water				]		ce Works  Great Barring	
ws			PWS Name:							Citv/Town		
O C			itoring Frequ	ency:	Quarterly	O Annua	l or less	Monitoring	Type: ® Ro	outine O	Reduced O Ir	ncreased
	TIFICATION: w that I am the			YEAR	2021	QUARTE	R: O Q1: Jar	n-Mar O	Q2: Apr-Jun	⊚ Q3:	Jul-Sep O Q4	: Oct-Dec
Ιοι	it this form and	d the inform	nation		200	M					1.	
	ained herein is plete to the be			Primary O	perator Signat	Men	m			+	Date:	1,26
Balanton (		SYSTE	MS USING	,		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	DAMINAT	TION C	OMDI ETE	TABLES	ABSC	
	OUI ODINE				MATION	OI CITE	///YAIAIIIAW	IION - C	OWPLETE	IADLES	A, B & C	
Α.	Month	Year	L COMPLIA #Samples	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	y Avg (ppm)	1						
T	January	2021	2	STREET, SQUARE, SQUARE	0.89	1	Ch	lorine Runn	ing Annual Ave	rage (PAA)		1
21	February	2021	2	_	0.92	1			age of 12 Month			
	March	2021	2		1.10							
$\exists$	April	2021	2		1.04	1			Chlorine N	IRDL (ppm)	4.0	
22	May	2021	2		1.02			Was	s Chlorine MRDL	exceeded?	NO	
1	June	2021	2	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	0.69			if Yes, the	en MRDL violation	n for period.	NO	
	July	2021	2		0.78	1						
23	August	2021	2		0.62	1						
+	September October	2020	2	THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE PERSON NAMED IN	0.30	1	1Note that	you are rec	quired to notify	MassDEP	within 10 days	
24	November	2020	2		0.30	1	of the end	of the quar	ter of any DBF	PR MCL or	MRDL	
4	December	2020	2		0.28	-	violation. I	ier 2 (30 da	ay) Public Noti	fication mu	ist also be	
			2		0.91	1				A STATE OF STREET		i
3.	TTHM COM	PLIANCE	Q1 (Jan	BEO.	I 02 (A.	- low	00//					
	Sample Loc	ation	Date	ppb	Q2 (Ap	ppb	Q3 (Jul	ppb	Q4 (Oct	- Dec)	OEL' Q3	LRAA
0 D	epot Rd.		2/9/2021	56	5/10/2021	39	8/9/2021	98	11/9/2020	41	73	59
												- 00
-												
			MCL = 8	(dgg)		Was OEL	exceeded?*	NO		Wae Mi	CL exceeded?"	NO
. 1	HAA5 COMF	PLIANCE		(100)		022	OAGGGGGG.	NO		vvas IVI	or exceeded.	NO
and a second	Sample Loc		Q1 (Jan	- Mar)	Q2 (Ap	r - Jun)	Q3 (Jul	- Sep)	Q4 (Oct	- Dec)	OEL <sup>1</sup>	
2.0			Date	ppb	Date	ppb	Date	ppb	Date	ppb	Q3	LRAA
) De	epot Rd.		2/9/2021	56	5/10/2021	58	8/9/2021	100	11/9/2020	44	79	65
											1997	
_			MCL = 6	(mmb)		Wes OF	1 101					
			MICE - O	(ppb)		Was OEL	exceeded?*	YES		Was M	CL exceeded?'	YES
] [	PWS has exc	ceeded the	OEL for TT	— HM and/0	OR HAA5 bu	ıt is autho	rized to limi	t the scop	e of the OEL		OELs apply to s	systems dv only
ਰ ਸ <b>ਾ</b>	evaluation to	reporting	only. (Refer t	o letter re	egarding sea	asonal OE	L exceedar	ices)				
	Penort within	ceeded the	OEL for TT	HM and/C	OR HAA5 ar	nd must <u>co</u>	omplete an	d submit	an Operation	nal Eval	uation	
7 .	Zehori Mituli	oo to ays	of receipt of t	ne analyl	icai results	(systems	sampling qu	uarterly or	nly).			
<u>.</u>	OVAC NOTO	es to qual	ify for reduce	d monito	ring based o	on LRAAs	of TTHM ar	nd HAA5	(and TOC if a	applicable	)	
1 1	Refer to quart	erly monito	IALIFIES for ring criteria on	"Instruction	monitoring b	pased on a	average cor	ncentratio	ns of TTHM,	HAA5 an	d/or TOC.	
1 F	PWS has exc	deeded the	MCL for TT	HM or H	AAS during !	ANNII -	monitorine -	and there	ana		NCREASED	
٠.		- Cuba tric	dual sample		vio during /	MINOME	nonitoring a	ma therefor	ore will be su	bject to II	NCREASED	

p		
1113003	Housatonic Water Works Company	Great Barrington
PWSID:	PWS Name:	City/Town:

#### SURFACE OR GWUDI SYSTEMS >499 SEEKING OR ON REDUCED TTHM/HAA5 MONITORING - COMPLETE TABLE E

				_	int 1	Pla	ant 2	Pla	ant 3	P	ant 4
E.		P	lant Name:								
		MONTH	YEAR	Monthly Avg (ppm)	Quarterly Avg (ppm)	Monthly Avg (ppm)	Quarterly Avg (ppm)	Monthly Avg (ppm)	Quarterly Avg (ppm)	Monthly Avg (ppm)	Quarterly Avg (ppm)
		January									Titol (bland)
	Q1	February									
		March									
water)	Q2	April									
vat		May									
		June									
raw		July							No. of Concession, Name of Street, or other		
_	Q3	August									
TOC		September									
-	- 4	October									
	Q4	November									
		December									
		(Average of last 4 qua	nual Average: arterly averages)								

#### SYSTEMS USING OZONATION - COMPLETE TABLE F

			74	The state of the s						
				Plant 1	Plant 2	Plant 3	Plant 4			
		Plant	Name:							
		MONTH	YEAR	Monthly Avg (ppm)	Monthly Avg (ppm)	Monthly Avg (ppm)	Monthly Avg (ppm)			
		January					3 0 (1)			
1	Q1	February								
water	113	March								
- 1	Q2	April								
١		May								
2		June								
namama	Q3	July								
- 1		August								
		September								
		October								
2	Q4	November								
1		December								
	Running Annual Average: (Average of last 12 monthly averages)									
		Was Bromate MCL Exceede (MCL = 0.010 ppm)	d? 1							
ľ	Quali	fy for Reduced Bromate Mon (RAA<0.0025 ppm)	nitoring?							

	DEFINITIONS							
Monthly Average:	Average of all results within the current month.							
Quarterly Average:	Average of three monthly averages.							
Running Annual Average (RAA):	Average of one year of consecutive compliance periods, including the current one. 4 quarters (THM/HAA5 and TOC) or 12 months (CI and Bromate).							
Total # of outliples.	Trotal number of samples collected during the monitoring period.							
Locational Running Annual Average (LRAA):								
Operational Evaluation Level (OEL):	Average of the two previous quarter's results and twice the current quarter's results							

	Note: Record and calculate all ND or < MDL results as the number 0 (zero).
COMMENTS:	

# Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection - Drinking Water Program Stage 2 Disinfection By-Product Rule Operational Evaluation Report For use with the DBPR Quarterly Compliance Worksheet

١.	GENERAL INFORMATION		
	PWSID: 1113003 PWS Name: Housatonic Water Works Company Town:	Great E	arrington
	CERTIFICATION: I certify under penalties of law that I am the person authorized to fill out this form and the Monitoring Period: Year: 2021 Quarter:	3 - J	ul-Sep
	information contained herein is true, accurate and complete to the best extent of my knowledge.	ebuay.	1 2022
	Brimary Operator Signature:	Date:	7
11.	MONITORING RESULTS		
	Refer to Stage 2 DBPR Quarterly Compliance Worksheet for complete results summary.		
	Location # 1 2 3  Enter Sample Location Code(s) where OELs were exceeded: 10003	4	í
	Enter Sample Location Code(s) where OELs were exceeded:  Has an OEL exceedance occurred at this location in the past?  No		
	If YES, when did the exceedance occur? (Year/Quarter)  Was the cause determined for the previous exceedance?		
	Are the previous evaluations applicable to the current OEL exceedance?		
	The August 2021 HAA5 result was atypical in that it is much higher than any of the o	ther 31	
	quarterly samples obtained since the start of Stage 2 D/DBPR monitoring. Previously, of	only two of	
	the 31 quarterly samples had been above 60 ug/L, and the previous highest LRAA for F 53 ug/L. The August 2021 TTHM result was also atypically high. See attached plots for	HAA5 was   HAA5 and	
	Notes: TTHM.		
Ш	. OPERATIONAL EVALUATION FINDINGS		
A.	seasonal exemption indicated on Section D of the Quarterly Compliance Worksheet?  If NO proceed to Item B. If YES, attach a copy of written approval from MassDEP including approved scope.	☐ Yes	☑ No
B.	Did you confirm that proper Data Collection and Analysis Protocols Were Followed?  Refer to Page 2-6 in the OEL Guidance Manual for more information on evaluating these protocols.	✓ Yes	□ No
C.	Did the distribution system cause or contribute to your OEL exceedance(s)?	☐ Yes	□ No
	If YES or POSSIBLY explain (expand cell or attach additional pages if necessary)	☑ Possibly	
	A lot of flushing was conducted in summer and early fall 2021 due to the colored water issues caused by spikes in source water manganese levels. There were also pipe and hydrant repairs that were conducted. Distribution system chlorine residuals were slightly higher during 2021 than previously. See attached plots for chlorine residual data.		
D.	Did the treatment system cause or contribute to your OEL exceedance(s)?	☐ Yes	☑ No
	If YES or POSSIBLY explain (expand cell or attach additional pages if necessary)	☐ Possibly	
	There were no large variations in treatment plant performance, though chlorine residuals were at times slightly higher than recently. See attached plots for chlorine residual data.		
	There is no treatment system for removing natural organic matter from the raw water, other than the slow sand filtration process which can be expected to provide about 15% TOC removal, though recent TOC results suggest even greater TOC removal by the filters (~55%).		

E.	Did source water quality cause or contribute to your OEL exceedance(s)?	✓ Yes	□ No
	If YES or POSSIBLY explain (expand cell or attach additional pages if necessary)  Probably, given the large amount of rain before the 3rd and 4th quarter sampling events. July	Possibly	
	was by far the wettest July in recorded history in the area, and there was also heavy rain in late		
	October (samples were collected on 8/9/21 and 11/10/21). So that may have affected the amount and/or type of organic matter in the Long Pond source water.		
	No TOC data are available from August or November 2021. TOC monitoring on September 7th and 20th both indicated raw water TOC levels of ~3.8 mg/L compared to a filter effluent result of ~1.7 mg/L TOC. This suggests the slow sand filters are removing about 55% of the TOC, and down to a level (1.7 mg/L) that typically would not cause problems with formation of excessive		
	DBPs. Note also the raw water had atypically high levels of manganese in August 2021, and so perhaps some other unknown water quality factor also impacted DBP formation.		
F.	Attach all supporting operational or other data that support the determination of the cause(s) of your OEL e	exceedance(	(s).
G.	If you are unable to determine the cause(s) of the OEL exceedance(s), list the steps that you can use to be in the future. (attach additional pages if necessary)	tter identify	the cause(s)
	HWWC has reduced the chlorine residual levels. HWWC will also monitor raw water and finis quarterly for the next year, on the same days as the compliance DBP samples are of	hed water	for TOC
H. I	List steps that could be considered to minimize future OEL exceedances (attach additional pages if necessary)		
	<ol> <li>While chlorine levels have been conventional (i.e., no sudden increase in dose), in response HAA5 experienced in 2021 HWWC has reduced chlorine dosing while maintaining sufficient le</li> <li>Monitor quarterly for TOC</li> </ol>	to the large vels for dis	change in infection
	Total Number of Pages Submitted, including attachments and checklists: 17		

	1113003			Housate	onic Water	Works 0	Company	,	]		Great Barring	ton
WS			PWS Name:							Citv/Town:	:	
	OM ONTIN	Livioi	nitoring Frequ	ency:	Quarterly	O Annua	l or less	Monitoring	g Type:   Ro	outine O	Reduced O Ir	ncreased
la l ou onta	TIFICATION: w that I am the ut this form and ained herein is blete to the bes	person au the inforn true, accu	othorized to nation rate and	YEAR Primary O	2021  2021  2022  perator Signat	ma	R: 0 Q1: 1	lan-Mar O	Q2: Apr-Jun	O Q3:	Jul-Sep  Q4  Chromy Date:	
		SYSTE	MS USING	CHLOR	NOITANIS	or CHLC	RAMINA	ATION - C	OMPLETE	TARLES	ARSC	
					MATION	OI OIILC	/IX/AWIIIW/	ATION - C	DIVIPLETE	IABLES	A, B & C	
١.	Month	The same of the sa	L COMPLIA	Name and Address of the Owner, where	· Aug (mass)							
7	January	Year 2021	# Samples		y Avg (ppm) 0.89	-						1
11	February	2021	2		0.92	-	1		ing Annual Ave age of 12 Month			
``	March	2021	2	_	1.10			(/1011	age of 12 Mother	y Averages)		
	April	2021	2	STATE OF THE PERSON.	1.04	1			Chlorine N	fRDL (ppm):	4.0	
2	May	2021	2	_	1.02	-	_	14/-				
-	June	2021	2		0.69				s Chlorine MRDI en MRDL violation		I MIC)	
-	July	2021	2	Name and Address of the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner,	0.78	1		100, 010	III IDE HOIGIC	ioi pailou.	1	
3	August	2021	2		0.62	1						
-	September	2021	2		0.94	ł						
-	October	2021	2	Name and Address of the Owner, where	0.46	1	1Note the	at you are rec	quired to notify	MassDEP	within 10 days	
4	November	2021	2			1	of the en	d of the quar	PR MCL or	MRDL		
*	December	_	_		0.48		violation	Her 2 (30 da	ay) Public Noti	fication mu	ist also be	
	December	2020	2		0.91	ı						
3.	TTHM COM	PLIANCE										
AND I	Sample Loc	ation	Q1 (Jan	- Mar)	Q2 (Ap	r - Jun)	Q3 (J	lul - Sep)	Q4 (Oct	- Dec)	OEL1	
		auon	Date	ppb	Date	ppb	Date	ppb	Date	ppb	Q4	LRA
) D	epot Rd.		2/9/2021	56	5/10/2021	39	8/9/202	1 98	11/10/2021	73	71	67
_												
_			MCL = 8	) (ppb)		Was OEL	exceeded	?* NO		Was Mi	CL exceeded?'	NO
·.	HAA5 COMP	PLIANCE		,						***************************************	or overden!	NO
			Q1 (Jan	- Mar)	Q2 (Apr	- Jun)	Q3 (J	ul - Sep)	Q4 (Oct	- Decl	OEL <sup>1</sup>	
	Sample Loc	ation	Date	ppb	Date	ppb	Date	ppb	Date	ppb	Q4	LRA
D	epot Rd.		2/9/2021	56	5/10/2021	58	8/9/202		11/10/2021	77	78	73
			MCL = 60	(ppb)		Was OEL	exceeded	?" YES		Was Mo	L exceeded?'	YES
. 1	MPORTANT	COMPLI	ANCE NOTE	S								
] [	PWS has exc evaluation to	ceeded the	e OEL for TT only. (Refer t	— HM and/0 o letter re	egarding sea	asonal OE	L exceed	ances)		-	OELs apply to s sampling quarter	systems rly only.
1	WS has exc	eeded the	e OEL for TT	HM and/0	OR HAA5 an	nd must <u>co</u>	omplete a	nd submit	an Operation	nal Evalu	uation	
	Report Within	1 90 days	of receipt of t	he analyt	ical results	(systems	sampling	quarterly or	nly).			
]	PWS continue	es to qual	lify for reduce	d monito	ring based o	n LRAAs	of TTHM	and HAA5	and TOC if a	applicable	)	
1	WS NO LO	<u>NGER QL</u>	JALIFIES for	reduced	monitoring b	pased on a	average o	oncentration	ns of TTHM	HAA5 and	d/or TOC	
(	noisi to quant	erry monito	ring criteria on	"Instructio	ns" (ab)							
1	PWS has exd	leeded the	e MCL for TT	HM or HA	A5 during A	ANNUAL r	monitoring	and theref	ore will be su	biect to II	NCREASED	
	nonitoring (	milion who while	dual sample s	-44	-L-1					,		

1113003	Housatonic Water Works Company	Great Barrington
PWSID:	PWS Name:	City/Town:

#### SURFACE OR GWUDI SYSTEMS >499 SEEKING OR ON REDUCED TTHM/HAA5 MONITORING - COMPLETE TABLE E

			Pla	ant 1	Pla	ant 2	Pla	ant 3	P	ant 4
E.		Plant Nam	ie:							
		MONTH YEAR	Monthly Avg (ppm)	Quarterly Avg (ppm)	Monthly Avg (ppm)	Quarterly Avg (ppm)	Monthly Avg (ppm)	Quarterly Avg (ppm)	Monthly Avg (ppm)	Quarterly Avg (ppm)
		January				moissant behildrinishes				
	Q1	February								
		March								
er)	Q2	April								
water)		May								
		June								
raw		July								
_	Q3	August								
TOC		September								
_	777	October								
	Q4	November								
		December								
		(Average of last 4 quarterly average	ge: les)							

#### SYSTEMS USING OZONATION - COMPLETE TABLE F

				Plant 1	Plant 2	Plant 3	Plant 4
F.		Plant N	lame:				
		MONTH Y	EAR	Monthly Avg (ppm)	Monthly Avg (ppm)	Monthly Avg (ppm)	Monthly Avg (ppm)
		January					
water)	Q1	February					
	- 3	March					
		April					
ec	Q2	May		-			
(finished		June					
Ξ	Q3	July					
		August					
BROMAIE		September					
Ē		October					
2	Q4	November					
Ω		December					
	Running Annual Average: (Average of last 12 monthly averages)						
		Was Bromate MCL Exceeded? 1 (MCL = 0.010 ppm)					
	Quali	fy for Reduced Bromate Mon (RAA<0,0025 ppm)	itoring?				

DEFINITIONS					
Monthly Average:	Average of all results within the current month.				
	Average of three monthly averages.				
	Average of one year of consecutive compliance periods, including the current one. 4 quarters (THM/HAA5 and TOC) or 12 months (CI and Bromate).				
Total # of Samples:	Total number of samples collected during the monitoring period.				
Locational Running Annual Average (LRAA):					
Operational Evaluation Level (OEL):	Average of the two previous quarter's results and twice the current quarter's results				

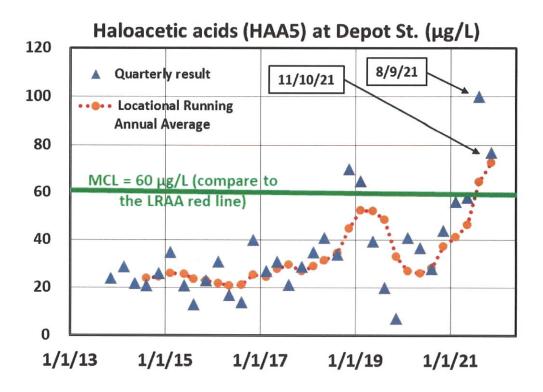
	Note: Deceded and advantage with the state of the state o	
	Note: Record and calculate all ND or < MDL results as the number 0 (zero).	
COMMENTS:		

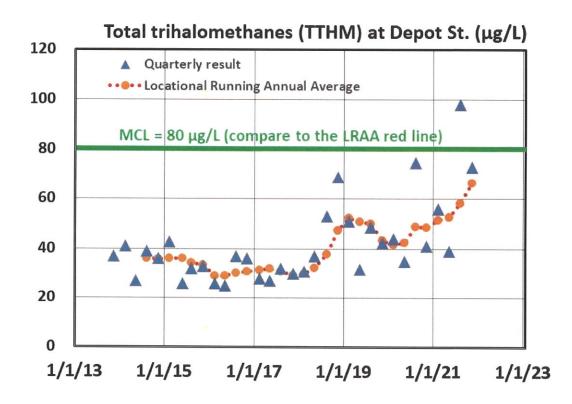
### Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection - Drinking Water Program Stage 2 Disinfection By-Product Rule Operational Evaluation Report For use with the DBPR Quarterly Compliance Worksheet

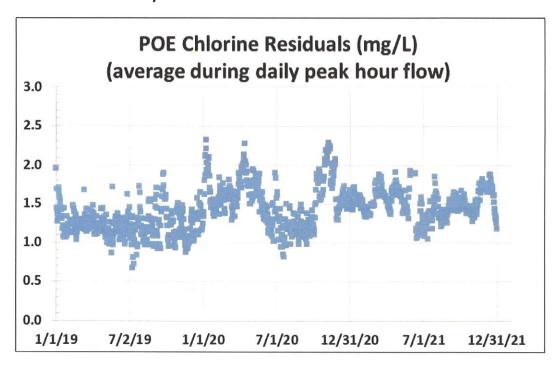
l.	I. GENERAL INFORMATION			
	PWSID: 1113003 PWS Name: Housatonic Water Works Company	Town:	Great E	Barrington
	CERTIFICATION: I certify under penalties of law that I am the person authorized to fill out this form and the	21 Quarter:	4 - C	ct-Dec
	information contained herein is true, accurate and complete to the best extent of my knowledge.	F	Ebuar	7, 2022
	Primary Operator Signature:		Date:	// <u>// // // // // // // // // // // // </u>
11.	II. MONITORING RESULTS			
	Refer to Stage 2 DBPR Quarterly Compliance Worksheet for complete results su	ummary.		
	Location # 1 2	2 3	4	
	Enter Sample Location Code(s) where OELs were exceeded: 10003			
	Has an OEL exceedance occurred at this location in the past?			
	If YES, when did the exceedance occur? (Year/Quarter)			
	Was the cause determined for the previous exceedance?  Yes  Yes			
	Are the previous evaluations applicable to the current OEL exceedance?  Yes			
	The August and November 2021 HAA5 results were atypically high. Pre-	eviously, since th	e start of	
	Stage 2 D/DBPR monitoring only two of the 31 quarterly samples had be	en above 60 ug/	L, and the	
	previous highest LRAA for HAA5 was 53 ug/L. The August and Noven	nber 2021 TTHM	1 results	
	Notes: were also atypically high. See attached plots for HAA5 a	ind TTHM.		
Ш	III. OPERATIONAL EVALUATION FINDINGS			
A.	A. seasonal exemption indicated on Section D of the Quarterly Compliance Worksheet?  If NO proceed to Item B. If YES, attach a copy of written approval from MassDEP including approve	ed scope.	☐ Yes	☑ No
B.	B. Did you confirm that proper Data Collection and Analysis Protocols Were Followed?  Refer to Page 2-6 in the OEL Guidance Manual for more information on evaluating these protocols.		☑ Yes	□ No
C.	C. Did the distribution system cause or contribute to your OEL exceedance(s)?		☐ Yes	□ No
	If YES or POSSIBLY explain (expand cell or attach additional pages if necessary)			□ NO
	A lot of flushing was conducted in summer and early fall 2021 due to the colored caused by spikes in source water manganese levels. There were also pipe and	hydrant repairs	☑ Possibly	
	that were conducted. Distribution system chlorine residuals were slightly higher d than previously. See attached plots for chlorine residual data.	luring 2021		
D.	D. Did the treatment system cause or contribute to your OEL exceedance(s)?		☐ Yes	☑ No
	If YES or POSSIBLY explain (expand cell or attach additional pages if necessary)		☐ Possibly	
	There were no large variations in treatment plant performance, though chlorine reat times slightly higher than recently. See attached plots for chlorine residual data	esiduals were a.		
	There is no treatment system for removing natural organic matter from the raw we than the slow sand filtration process which can be expected to provide about 15% removal, though recent TOC results suggest even greater TOC removal by the fil	6 TOC		

Ε.	Did source water quality cause or contribute to your OEL exceedance(s)?	✓ Yes	☐ No
	If YES or POSSIBLY explain (expand cell or attach additional pages if necessary)	Possibly	
	Probably, given the large amount of rain before the 3rd and 4th quarter sampling events. July	L Possibly	
	was by far the wettest July in recorded history in the area, and there was also heavy rain in late		
	October (samples were collected on 8/9/21 and 11/10/21). So that may have affected the		
	amount and/or type of organic matter in the Long Pond source water.		
	No TOC data are available from August or November 2021. TOC monitoring on September 7th		
	and 20th both indicated raw water TOC levels of ~3.8 mg/L compared to a filter effluent result of		
	~1.7 mg/L TOC. This suggests the slow sand filters are removing about 55% of the TOC, and		
	down to a level (1.7 mg/L) that typically would not cause problems with formation of excessive		
	DBPs. Note also the raw water had atypically high levels of manganese in August 2021, and so		
	perhaps some other unknown water quality factor also impacted DBP formation.		
		]	
F.	Attach all supporting operational or other data that support the determination of the cause(s) of your OEL e	exceedance	(s).
Capt 11			
G.	If you are unable to determine the cause(s) of the OEL exceedance(s), list the steps that you can use to be	etter identify	the cause(s)
1	in the future. (attach additional pages if necessary)		
	HIMMC will manitor row water and finished water for TOC meets to finish a discount of the second state of		
	HWWC will monitor raw water and finished water for TOC quarterly for the next year, on the	same days	s as the
	compliance DBP samples are collected.		
Η.	List steps that could be considered to minimize future OEL exceedances (attach additional pages if necessary)	1	
	1. While chlorine levels have been conventional (i.e., no sudden increase in dose), in response	to the large	e change in
	HAA5 experienced in 2021 HWWC has reduced chlorine dosing while maintaining sufficient le	evels for dis	sinfection
	2. Monitor quarterly for TOC		
	Tetal Number of December 1991		
	Total Number of Pages Submitted, including attachments and checklists: 17		

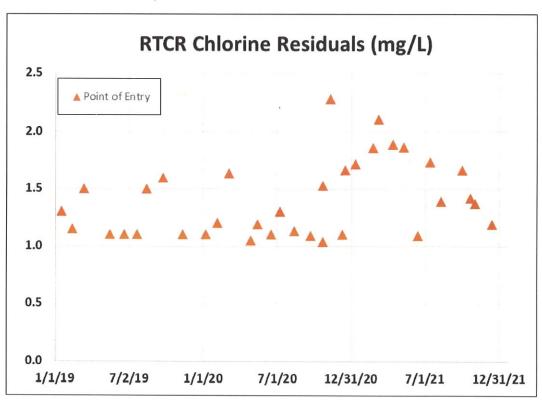
Quarterly Disinfection Byproduct results and Locational Running Annual Average (LRAA) for the Housatonic Water Works Company during the Stage 2 D/DBPR



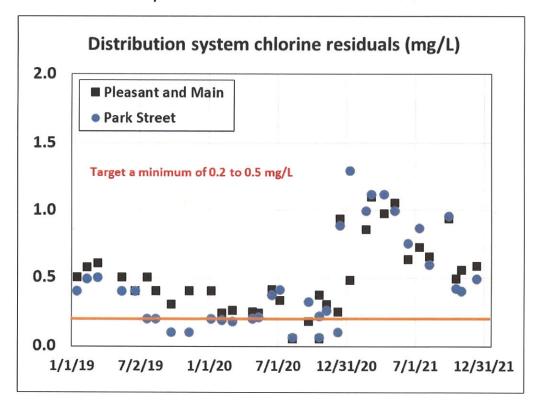




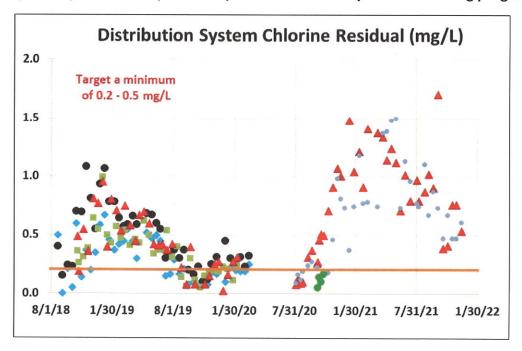
Point of Entry chlorine residuals levels for HWWC in 2019 – 2021, sampled for the Revised Total Coliform Rule



Distribution System chlorine residual levels for HWWC in 2019 – 2021, sampled for the Revised Total Coliform Rule



Distribution System chlorine residuals levels for HWWC in 2018 – 2021, sampled as part of the "special" required distribution system monitoring program



TTHM and HAA5 Sample Collection and Handling Page 1 of 2 Checklist								
Facility	Facility Name: Housatonic Water Works							
Checklist Completed by: Nick Bruzzi Date: January 26, 2022								
Yes	No							
		Did you obtain appropriate sample collection vials provided from the laboratory?						
X		Did the sample vials contain the proper preservative and dechlorinating agents?						
		Was each vial labeled using waterproof labels and indelible ink?						
		Did each vial contain the following information on the label?						
X		Unique sample ID						
X		System name						
$\square$		Sample location						
K		Sample date and time						
K		Analysis required, if not already on label						
		Did you remove the aerator from the tap if there was one present?						
<b>X</b> I		Did you open the water tap and allow the system to flush until the water temperature had stabilized (usually about 3-5 minutes)?						
		Did you adjust the flow so that no air bubbles were visually detected in the flowing stream?						
$\boxtimes$		Did you slowly fill the sample vial almost to the top without overflowing?						
		Were you careful not to rinse out any of the preservative/dechlorinating agent during this process?						
		After the bottle was filled, did you invert it three or four times to mix the sample with the preservative and dechlorinating agents?						
	Image: Control of the	If you collected a TTHM sample that requires acidification, did you: - N/A						
		Let the sample set for about 1 minute, allowing the dechlorinating chemical to take effect?- N/A						
		Carefully open the vial and adjust the pH of the TTHM sample to < 2 by adding approximately 4 drops of hydrochloric acid for every 40 mL of sample (amount of acid needed will depend on buffering capacity of sample)? - N/A						
		Recap the vial, and invert three or four times? - N/A						

TTHM and HAA5 Sample Collection and Handling Page 2 of 2						
Chec		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Yes	No					
X		Did you invert the vial and tap it to check for air bubbles?				
		If bubbles were detected, did you carefully open the vial and add more sample water using the cap to achieve a headspace-free sample? <i>Note that air bubbles would more likely lead to a lower level of THMs or HAAs.</i> No bubbles were observed/detected				
X		Did you immediately cool the samples to 4°C by placing them in a cooler with frozen refrigerant packs or ice, or in a refrigerator? Samples should be maintained at this temperature during shipping to the laboratory.				
		Did you complete the Sample Chain of Custody provided by the laboratory and include it with the sample shipment?				
	X	Was the sample holding time of 14 days exceeded?				
		Was the extract holding time exceeded?  EPA Method 551.1: 14 days at a temperature less than -10°C  EPA Method 552.1: 48 hours at 4°C or less  EPA Method 552.2: 7 days at 4°C or 14 days at a temperature less than -10°C  EPA Method 552.3: 21 days for MTBE extraction solvent at -10°C or less  OR 28 days for TAME extraction solvent at -10°C or less  Standard Method 6251 B: 21 days at -11°C				
	X	Did the laboratory invalidate the sample?				
Note	s/Com	ments				
-						
		3 M. Maria				
<u> </u>						
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
-						

Sc	ource V	Vate	r Evaluation Checklist Page 1 of 2						
	NO DATA	AVAIL	ABLE	1. 2000					
			isatonic Water Works Company	16					
Che			d by: Richard Gullick (WCS, LLC) Date: 1/31/2022	e e					
A.	Do you h	nave so	ource water temperature data? - not directly, but at two Yes \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	8 B V					
	If NO, proceed to item B. If YES, was the source water temperature								
	high' If NO		eed to item B. If YES, answer the following questions for the time period						
	prior	to the	OEL exceedance.	a 0 *					
2	Yes	No							
		×	Was the raw water storage time longer than usual?						
		区	Did you place another water source on-line?						
		×	Were river/reservoir flow rates lower than usual? If yes, indicate the location of lower flow rates and the anticipated impact on the OEL exceedance.						
	×		Did point or non-point sources in the watershed contribute to the OEL exceedance? There are no point sources, but watershed						
В.	Do you h	ave da	ata that characterizes organic matter in your source water (e.g., Yes No						
			A, color, 1 million potential)?	706					
	norm	al?	Li yes 🔼 No.	27.0					
			eed to item C. If YES, answer the following questions for the time period OEL exceedance.	~ 3.8 mg/					
	Yes	No	Tuly 2021 was the wettest in recorded bustory, shortly before sampling 8/9/21, Also had heavy	average,					
	×		Did heavy rainfall or snowmelt occur in the watershed? rains in October,	and in					
		×	Did you place another water source on-line? before "Ilplat sampling,	sept. 2020 averaged					
		図	Did lake or reservoir turnover occur? - not for Aug, and should	13,3mg/L)					
	×		Did point or non-point sources in the watershed contribute to the OEL exceedance?  **Natural Sources**	so not a very					
		M	Did an algal bloom occur in the source water?	large					
٠.	, · · □		If algal blooms were present, were appropriate algae control measures employed (e.g., addition of copper sulfate)?	difference					
		M	Did a taste and odor incident occur?						
C.	Do you h	ave so	urce water bromide data?						
120			eed to item D. If YES, were the bromide levels higher or						
			normal?						
	prior	to the	OEL exceedance.						
	Yes	No	Dec college to introduce to the control of the cont						
			Has saltwater intrusion occurred?	N					
			Are you experiencing a long-term drought?	*					
			Did heavy rainfall or snowmelt occur in the watershed?						
			Did you place another water source on-line?	15					
			Are you aware of any industrial spills in the watershed?	91					

So	urce V	Vate	r Evaluation Checklist	Page	e 2 of 2		
D.			ource water turbidity or particle count data?	Yes	□ No		
	coun	ts high	ner than normal? eed to item E. If YES, answer the following questions for the	☐ Yes	<b>M</b> No		
	prior Yes	to the	OEL exceedance.		<b>.</b>		
		M	Did lake or reservoir turnover occur?				
	×		Did heavy rainfall or snowmelt occur in the watershed?	rd rain.	sin		
		M	Did logging, fires, or landslides occur in the watershed?	14 0001	u e		
		図	Were river/reservoir flow rates higher than normal?		a a		
E.			ource water pH or alkalinity data? - both	Yes	□No		
	norm	al valu		□Yes	MNo		
			eed to item F. If YES, answer the following questions for the OEL exceedance.	time period	d		
1		×	Was there an algal bloom in the source water?	•.	. 8		
			If algal blooms were present, were algae control measures em	ployed? - /	NA		
	×		Did heavy rainfall or snowmelt occur in the watershed?		no.		
08		×	Has the PWS experienced diurnal pH changes in source water	?	#0 .25 .30		
F.	Conclus	ion		9			
	Did sour	ce wat	er quality factors contribute to your OEL exceedance?	Yes	□No		
				Possib	oly		
	If YES	or PO	DSSIBLY, explain below.				
			ost likely cause of the lar				
1	in HAA5 observed in August and November						
.0	021	15	a change in the natural orga	nic m	a Her		
Ĺ	n + he	2 /	Long Pond source water due	40 4	be_		
	cord	- DY	eaking precipitation in Ju	Ye			
				,	<del></del>		
					8		

\* For both 8/9/2021 and 11/10/2021 DBP sampling

Tr	eatmer	nt Pro	ocess Evaluation Checklist	Pag	ge 1 of 4		
_	NO DATA						
Fac Che	ecklist Con	n ple ted	saronic Water Works Company dby:Richard Gullick (WCS, LLC) Date: 1/31,	1200	a		
A.	Review f	inished	d water data for the time period prior to the OEL exceedance(s) are water data using the following questions:	nd compar	re to		
	Were D Wod Was fini	BP pre ata f ished v	ecursors (TOC, DOC, SUVA, bromide, etc.) higher than normal?  For August Nov., but Sept. 2021 TOC of at a vater pH higher or lower than normal?  were similar  to 2020data	□ Yes □ Yes	MNo -	enknown	
	Wasthe	e finish	ed water temperature higher than normal?	Yes	<b>⊠</b> N₀		
	Wasfini	ished v	vater turbidity higher than normal?	☐Yes	No		
	Wasthe	disinf	ectant concentration leaving the plant(s) higher than normal?	☐Yes	<b>M</b> No		
	Were fin	nished	water TTHM/HAA5 levels higher than normal? - not analyzed	Yes	☐ No		
			nal and water quality data available to the system operator for ion making?	Yes	□No		
В.	Does the	treatm	nent process include predisinfection?	☐Yes	MNo		
lx	If NO, proceed to item C. If YES, answer the following questions for the period in which an OEL exceedance occurred:  Yes No						
			Was disinfected raw water stored for an unusually long time?				
			Were treatment plant flows lower than normal?				
			Were treatment plant flows equally distributed among different to	rains?			
			Were water temperatures high or warmer than usual?				
			Were chlorine feed rates outside the normal range?				
			Was a disinfectant residual present in the treatment train following	ng predisi	nfection?		
			Were online instruments utilized for process control?				
			Did you switch to free chlorine as the oxidant?				
			Was there a recent change (or addition) of pre-oxidant?				
			Did you change the location of the predisinfection application?				
C.	Does you	ır treatı	ment process include presedimentation?	□Yes	MNo		
			ed to item D. If YES, answer the following questions for the p sedance occurred:	eriod in v	vhich		
			Were flows low?				
			Were flows high?				
			Were online instruments utilized for process control?				
			Was sludge removed from the presedimentation basin?				
			Was sludge allowed to accumulate for an excessively long time?	?		8	
			Do you add a coagulant to your presedimentation basin?				
			Was there a problem with the coagulant feed?				

Tre	eatmen	t Pro	cess Evaluation Checklist	Pag	e 2 of 4		
D.	Does your treatment process include coagulation and/or flocculation?  If NO, proceed to item E. If YES, answer the following questions for the period in which an OEL exceedance occurred:  Yes No						
			Were there any feed pump failures or were feed pumps operatin rates?	g at impro	per feed		
			Were chemical feed systems controlled by flow pacing?				
			Were there changes in coagulation practices or the feed point?		al l		
			Did you change the type or manufacturer of the coagulant?				
			Do you suspect that the coagulant in use at the time of the OEL not meet industry standards?	exceedar	ice did		
			Did the pH or alkalinity change at the point of coagulant addition	?			
			Were there broken or plugged mixers?				
			Were flow rates above the design rate or was there short-circuiti	ng?	•		
E.	Does you	treatn	nent process include sedimentation or clarification?	Yes	<b>⋈</b> No		
			ed to item F. If YES, answer the following questions for the poledance occurred:	∍riod in w	/hich		
			Were there changes in plant flow rate that may have resulted in settling time or carry-over of process solids?	a decreas	e in		
			Were settled water turbidities higher than normal?				
i.			Was there any disruption in the sludge blanket that may have re to the point of disinfection?	sulted in o	carryover		
			Was there any maintenance in the basin that may have stirred s bottom of the basin and caused it to carry over to the point of disaddition?		n the		
			Was sludge allowed to accumulate for an excessively long time malfunction in the sludge removal equipment?	or was the	ere a		

Tr	eatmen	it Pro	ocess Evaluation Checklist Page 3 of 4			
F.	Does you	ur treati	ment process include filtration? - two slows and filters Yes INO			
		7	ed to item G. If YES, answer the following questions for the period in which eedance occurred:			
		M	Was there an increase in individual or combined filter effluent turbidity or particle counts?			
		M	Was there an increase in turbidity or particle loading onto the filters? find reation			
		M	Was there an increase in flow onto the filters or malfunction of the rate of flow controllers?			
		X	Were any filters taken off-line for an extended period of time that caused the other filters to operate near maximum design capacity and created the conditions for possible breakthrough?			
		M	Were any filters operated beyond their normal filter run time?			
	Were there any unusual spikes in individual filter effluent turbidity (which may indicate particulate or colloidal TOC breakthrough) in the days leading to the excursion?					
	☐ ☑ Were all filters run in a filter-to-waste mode during initial filter ripening?					
	If GAC filters are used, is it possible the adsorptive capacity of the GAC bed wareached before reactivation occurred (leave blank if not applicable)? — MA					
			If biological filtration is used, were there any process upsets that may have resulted in the breakthrough of TOC (leave blank if not applicable)?			
G.	prior to a	a clear proce	tment process include primary disinfection by injecting chlorine Yes \sum No   No   No   No   No   No   No   No			
		×	Was there a sudden increase in the amount of chlorine fed or an increase in the chlorine residual?			
		図	Was there an increase in clearwell holding time?			
		M	Was the plant shut down or were plant flows low?			
		X	Was there an increase in clearwell water temperature?			
		区	Did you switch to free chlorine recently as the primary disinfectant?			
		×	Was the inactivation of Giardia and/or viruses exceptionally high?			
		M	Was there a change in the mixing strategy (i.e., mixers not used, adjustment of tank level)?			
H.	Does you	r plant	recycle spent filter backwash or other streams?			
	an OE	Lexce	ed to item I. If YES, answer the following questions for the period in which sedance occurred:			
	Yes	No	Did a change in the recycle stream quality contribute to increased DBP precursor loading that was not addressed by treatment plant processes?			
			Did a recycle event result in flows in excess of typical or design flows?			

Tre	eatmen	t Pro	ocess Evaluation Checklist	Pag	e 4 of 4			
I.	system re	sidual		□Yes	<b>⋈</b> No			
	If NO, proceed to item J. If YES, answer the following questions for the period in which an OEL exceedance occurred:  Yes No							
			Was there a sudden increase in the amount of chlorine fed?					
			Was there a switch from chloramines to free chlorine for a burne	out period?	?			
			If using chloramines, was the chlorine to ammonia ratio in the p	roper rang	e?			
			Was there a problem with either chlorine or ammonia mixing?					
J.	Lead and to reduce treatment coagulation If NO,	Coppe the Di target on/floc proce	ed to item K. If YES, explain below and consult EPA's Simult	□ Yes	⊠No			
			Guidance Manual for alternative compliance approaches.	1	<i>=</i> 0			
			course a balance - more chlorine i					
a	nel 1C	K, c	and less chlorine for DBPR and L	ER.				
K.	Conclusion	on						
	Did treatme OEL excee		ctors and/or variations in the plant performance contribute to the e(s)?	☐ Yes				
	If YES	or PC	SSIBLY, explain below.					
	There	w	ere no significant variations i	n trea	tment			
			er formance.					
9	As one factor that can be controlled, the chlorine dosing and residual concentration have been reduced, while maintaining more than enough chlorine							
7	ro ex	CEEC	all disinfection requirement	٠,				

\* For both 8/9/2021 and 11/10/2021 DBP sampling

Distribution System Evaluation Checklist					Page 1 of 2		
System Name: Housatonic Water Works Company							
Checklist Completed by: Richard Gullick (Water Compliance Date: 1/31/2022							
Α.	location	where	isinfectant residual or temperature data for the monitoring you experienced the OEL exceedance?  eed to item B. If YES, answer the following questions for the				
	Yes No  Was the water temperature higher than normal for that time of the year at that						
	Yes	No	Was the water temperature higher than normal for that time of	f the year at	that		
	ш	,24	location?				
		M	Was the disinfectant residual lower than normal for that time of location?	ne of the year at that			
	M		Was the disinfectant residual higher than normal for that time location? Shightly so for August - see				
B.	Do you have maintenance records available for the time period just prior to the OEL exceedance?						
	If NO, proceed to item C. If YES, answer the following questions:						
	Yes	No					
		M	Did any line breaks or replacements occur in the vicinity of the	e exceedanc	e?		
		×	Were any storage tanks or reservoirs taken off-line and clean	ed?			
	M		Did flushing or other hydraulic disturbances (e.g., fires) occur the exceedance?	ır in the vicinit <b>y of</b>			
	×		Were any valves operated in the vicinity of the OEL exceedar	ices?			
C.	If your system is metered, do you have access to historical records showing water use at individual service connections?						
If NO, proceed to item D. If YES, was overall water use in your system unusually low, indicating higher than normal water age?							
D.	D. Do you have high-volume customers in your system (e.g., an industrial processing plant)?			☐ Yes	No		
	If NO	, proce	eed to item E. If YES, was there a change in water use by a e customer?	Yes	☐ No		
E.	M Yes						
	If NO, proceed to item F. If YES, review storage facility operations and water quality data to answer the following questions for the period in which the OEL exceedance occurred:						
	Yes	No					
	×		Was a disinfectant residual detected in the stored water or at	,	`		
		M					
		Does the facility operate in "last in-first out" mode? - In at top, out at bottom					
		M	Was the tank or reservoir drawn down more than usual prior to OEL exceedance, indicating a possible discharge of stagnant water?				
`		Was there a change in water level fluctuations that would have resulted in increased water age within the tank or reservoir?					

Distribution System Evaluation Checklist	Page 2 of 2						
F. Does your system practice booster chlorination?	Yes	<b>⋈</b> No					
If NO, proceed to item G. If YES, was there an increase in booster chlorination feed rates?	☐ Yes	☐ No					
G. Did you have customer complaints in the vicinity of the OEL exceedance?	Yes	☐ No					
If NO, proceed to item H. If YES, explain.							
Complaints were received related to colore							
in summer and early full 2021, caused by	163	3/2					
manganese. Raw water manganese levels were							
high in August, then low in November.							
H. Did concern about complying with a rule other than Stage 2 DBPR, such as the Lead and Copper rule, the TCR, or any other rule constrain your options to reduce the DBP levels at this site? For example, are you limited by the need to maintain a detectable disinfectant residual in your ability to control DBP levels in the distribution system?	☐ Yes	<b>⊠</b> No					
If NO, proceed to item I. If YES, explain below and consult EPA's Simultaneous							
Compliance Guidance Manual for alternative compliance approaches.							
There is of course a balance - more chlorine							
DBPR and LCR, and less obtorine for							
A TOTAL BOOK OF THE		•					
I. Conclusion							
Did the distribution system cause or contribute to the OEL exceedance(s)?	Yes Possi	□ No bly					
If NO, proceed to evaluations of treatment systems and source water. If YES or POSSIBLY, explain below.							
There was a lot of flushing distribution system							
pipes due to the colored water in summer and							
fall 2021. Distribution system chorine residuals were slightly higher than in recent history. Though							
were slightly higher than in recent history.	7400	291					
these two factors may have contributed, i	+ doe	2					

not seem likely that they would cause such an atypical increuse in HAAS.